Chair of IT Security School of Computation, Information, and Technology Technical University of Munich



# Seminar Secure Software Supply Chains

**Pre-meeting** 

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Tun Uhronturm

### Some questions first



- What is a library or package?
- Why do we do this in computer science?
- What could be the problem?

#### Some more questions



- What is a software bug?
- What is a vulnerability?
- What is an exploit?





#### Seminar overview

- Software supply chain security
- 3 Example Topics
- Interpretation of the second state of the s

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#### Seminar overview What you can expect



- The seminar is for you to learn and practice academic working (hard skills)
  - Therefore, you will be provided with an introduction to *literature search, writing and presenting*
- The topic is secure software supply chains
  - This is a relatively *broad topic* and leaves you room to pick your individual topic depending on your skills, interests and prior knowledge
- The topic is closely related to my research
  - So I can supervise you on the topic and give you background knowledge





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#### Software supply chain security Topic overview



- Have you heard of the xz-utils incident?
- This attack was conducted over years, including significant technical as well as operational and even social sophistication (in a negative sense..)
- If not detected rapidly, billions of Linux devices worldwide would have allowed unauthorized remote access as root
- How many other attacks like this are there and are yet unknown?



Figure 1 Logo for xz utils created by the malware author with username *Jia Tan* 

#### Software supply chain security Topic Overview



- The Cyber Resilience Act was ratified by the EU in 2024
  - Its demands have to be implemented by vendors within 3 years
- All products with digital elements have to include software bills of materials "SBOMs"
  - The goal is that once a vulnerability is detected, every affected product can be identified and notified quickly

	$\langle \rangle$	Official Journal f the European Union	EN L series
		2024/2847	20.11.2024
		REGULATION (EU) 2024/2847 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL	
		of 23 October 2024	
	on horizontal cybersecurity requirements for products with digital elements and amending Regulations (EU) No 168/2013 and (EU) No 2019/1020 and Directive (EU) 2020/1828 (Cyber Resilience Act)		
(Text with EEA relevance)			
	THE E	UROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	
	Havir	g regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 114 thereof,	
	Havir	g regard to the proposal from the European Commission,	
	After	transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,	

#### Figure 2 Excerpt from the Cyber Resilience Act

#### **Research Questions**



How are vulnerabilities and exploits detected?

- How are they communicated?
- How can exploitability of affected software be checked automatically?

**Outline** 



1 Seminar overview

**2** Software supply chain security

3 Example Topics

Interpretation of the second state of the s

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# Example Topic Dummy



- Category: What kind of working will you most likely focus on? survey or collection, statistical analysis, implementation
- Research Question: What question will you try to answer?
- Expected Contribution: Some remarks about what could be your deliverable
- Keywords: A few keywords that may be worth starting literature search with
- Resources: Works that are essential starting points for working on this topic

This is not exhaustive and will be subject to change, especially after the first literature search, where me might re-adjust the scope

# Vulnerability Reporting and Communication in Open Source

- Category: Survey, analysis
- Research Question: How does exchange about vulnerabilities work in the open source community? (certain communities)
- Expected Contribution:
  - Overview and analysis,
  - Selection of academic works as well as OSS documentation
  - □ Assessment of existing tools and standards
  - Potential statistical analysis with creating a dataset
  - Derive a conclusion about how Vulnerability Reporting works and
- Keywords: vulnerability reporting open source, CVE, OpenVAS, OSV
- Resources: Imtiaz et al., 2021, Pashchenko et al., 2020, Ladisa et al., 2022

#### **SBOMs and their alternatives**



- Category: Survey, analysis
- Research Question: What goal do SBOMs try to achieve what alternatives exist to do so?
- Expected Contribution:
  - Overview and analysis,
  - Selection of academic works as well as standards or frameworks
  - Assessment of existing tools and standards as well as their comparison
  - □ Identify open problems, recommendations for tool selection
- Keywords: SBOMs, BSI CSAF, ...
- Resources: Stalnaker et al., 2024, BSI CSAF, CISA on SBOMs, Ladisa et al., 2022

# SBOMs in the Python ecosystem



- Category: Analysis, implementation
- Research Question: What is the state of work of SBOM creation in the Python ecosystem?
- Expected Contribution:
  - Overview of other works on SBOM creation in the Python ecosystem,
  - Implement a setup where you create SBOMs for a set of repos using different tools and standards
  - Analysis of SBOM quality using selected metrics
  - Derive a judgement about SBOM quality in the Python ecosystem, tool or standard recommendations
- Keywords: SBOMs, Python SBOMs
- Resources: Cofano et al., 2024 ,Benedetti et al., 2024, Yu et al., 2024

We could do the same on another ecosystem, like JS/Node

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## Security of security patches



- Category: Survey
- Research Question: How are security patches carried out, implemented and secured?
- Expected Contribution:
  - Overview of the basics of how security patches or updates for software are rolled-out to its users,
  - Analysis of different patching approaches and security risks
  - Derive open problems, security recommendations
- Keywords: security patch management, patching
- Resources: Li and Paxson, 2017 and works building on top of it

#### The attacker's perspective



- Category: Survey, analysis, maybe dataset creation, meta science
- Research Question: How is the state of research about taking the attacker's perspective?
- Expected Contribution: Overview about thread modelling and framework used, answering the question how accurate threat models in works are, e.g. by looking at recent papers on top security conferences. Supported by information that can be found about threat actors
- Keywords: threat modelling, MITRE ATT&CK, The Killchain,
- Resources: Xiong and Lagerström, 2019 and further

# **Exploitability Automation (WIP)**



- Category: Analysis, Implementation
- Research Question: What methods and tools exist to automate exploitability checks? (WIP: in what area? e.g. Linux Kernel, virtualization/hypervisors, user space software)
- Expected Contribution: Analysis of status quo in (WIP) area and a small evaluation or extension of existing tools
- Keywords: exploit automation or prediction, static analysis, automatic exploit generation
- Resources: Park et al., 2022 Elder et al., 2024 Lin et al., 2022

**Outline** 



1 Seminar overview

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- 3 Example Topics
- 4 The organizational side

#### **Objectives**



The seminar aims at teaching you how to do literature search and present your results (written and spoken). In more detail, we utilize the topic software supply chain security to practice

- 1. doing literature search on pre-selected sub-topics and summarizing the results by,
- 2. writing a research paper (10 pages),
- 3. and giving a talk of 20 minutes with 10 minutes of discussion.

To give you something to start with, the seminar includes

- 1. a brief introduction to software supply chain security,
- 2. as well as general hints about literature research, scientific writing and presentations.



#### Shedule Might be subject to change



#### Further organizational matter (tentative)



- Time: Thursdays 10:00 12:00 a.m. (final presentations 30 min x number of presenters)
- Room: 01.08.033
- Capacity: 8-10
- Language: English (written assignments), German for presentations if everyone is proficient
- Target Group: master's and bachelor's students who are interested in the topic
- Your presence at the in-person meetings is mandatory.

## **Deliverable requirements**



Intermediate

- Literature search results: List of sources and description of findings
- Paper Draft: 60-80%-ready paper with list of references for feedback
- Optional individual feedback sessions in person, maybe peer-review (tbd.)

#### Presentation

- 20 min talk and 10 min discussion (tbd.)
- Use the TUM 16:9 templates<sup>1</sup> for slides (LATEX or PowerPoint)

#### Paper

- (Exactly) ten pages, two-column style, excluding references and appendix
- Use the IEEE template<sup>2</sup>

 $\begin{array}{l} 1_{\rm http://portal.mytum.de/corporatedesign} \\ 2_{\rm https://www.ieee.org/conferences/publishing/templates.html} \end{array}$ 

## Grading and requirements for passing



Please take a look at what the terms of your degree program state about written assignments and oral presentations. ("Prüfungsordnung")<sup>3</sup>

Grading will be:

- 60% Paper (e.g. structure, writing style, presentation of results in own words, grammar and spelling mistakes)
- **30%** Presentation (e.g. presentation quality, usage of media, explanation)
- 10% Discussion (e.g. reaction to questions and comments of the audience)

 $<sup>\</sup>mathbf{3}_{\mathrm{https://www.cit.tum.de/cit/studium/studiengaenge/bachelor-informatik/}$ 

# So, would you like to participate?



For matching prioritization, send me a letter of motivation (three to fifteen sentences) where you state why you would like to participate and what interests you in software supply chain security (including your preferred topic) to gehrke@sec.in.tum.de. If you have your own topic suggestion fitting into the topic's context, feel free to include it.

Please also briefly state your prior experience with cybersecurity.

Set as subject "Prioritization SSSC Seminar". Deadline: Feb. 20th, 2025 by 23:59 CET

#### **References I**



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- Elder, S., Rahman, M. R., Fringer, G., Kapoor, K., & Williams, L. (2024). A survey on software vulnerability exploitability assessment. ACM Computing Surveys, 56(8), 1–41.
- Imtiaz, N., Thorn, S., & Williams, L. (2021). A comparative study of vulnerability reporting by software composition analysis tools. In *Proceedings of the 15th acm/ieee international symposium on empirical software engineering and measurement (esem)*.

#### **References II**



- Ladisa, P., Plate, H., Martinez, M., & Barais, O. (2022). Taxonomy of attacks on open-source software supply chains. *arXiv preprint arXiv:2204.04008*.
- Li, F., & Paxson, V. (2017). A large-scale empirical study of security patches. In *Proceedings* of the 2017 acm sigsac conference on computer and communications security.
- Lin, Z., Chen, Y., Wu, Y., Mu, D., Yu, C., Xing, X., & Li, K. (2022). Grebe: Unveiling exploitation potential for linux kernel bugs. In *2022 ieee symposium on security and privacy (sp)*. IEEE.
- Park, S., Kim, D., Jana, S., & Son, S. (2022). Fugio: Automatic exploit generation for php object injection vulnerabilities. In *31st usenix security symposium (usenix security 22)*.
- Pashchenko, I., Vu, D.-L., & Massacci, F. (2020). A qualitative study of dependency management and its security implications. In *Proceedings of the 2020 acm sigsac conference on computer and communications security*.

#### **References III**



- Stalnaker, T., Wintersgill, N., Chaparro, O., Di Penta, M., German, D. M., & Poshyvanyk, D. (2024). Boms away! inside the minds of stakeholders: A comprehensive study of bills of materials for software systems. In *Proceedings of the 46th ieee/acm international conference on software engineering*.
- Xiong, W., & Lagerström, R. (2019). Threat modeling–a systematic literature review. *Computers & security*, *84*, 53–69.
- Yu, S., Song, W., Hu, X., & Yin, H. (2024). On the correctness of metadata-based sbom generation: A differential analysis approach. In *2024 54th annual ieee/ifip international conference on dependable systems and networks (dsn)*. IEEE.